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MEETING: LICENSING SUB-COMMITTEE
DATE: Tuesday 24th August, 2021
TIME: 2.00 pm
VENUE: Assembly Hall - Bootle Town Hall, Trinity Road, Bootle, L20 7AE

Member

Councillor John Kelly
Councillor Bradshaw
Councillor Lynne Thompson

COMMITTEE OFFICER: Ruth Appleby
Democratic Services Officer
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E-mail: ruth.appleby@sefton.gov.uk

See overleaf for COVID Guidance and the requirements in relation to Public Attendance.

If you have any special needs that may require arrangements to facilitate your attendance at this meeting, please contact the Committee Officer named above, who will endeavour to assist.

Members are requested to attend a Briefing Meeting commencing at 1.15 pm on Tuesday 24 August 2021 in the Committee Room, Bootle Town Hall.

We endeavour to provide a reasonable number of full agendas, including reports at the meeting. If you wish to ensure that you have a copy to refer to at the meeting, please can you print off your own copy of the agenda pack prior to the meeting

COVID GUIDANCE IN RELATION TO PUBLIC ATTENDANCE

In light of ongoing Covid-19 social distancing restrictions, there is limited capacity for members of the press and public to be present in the meeting room indicated on the front page of the agenda at any one time. We would ask parties remain in the meeting room solely for the duration of consideration of the Committee reports to which their interests relate.

We therefore request that if you wish to attend the Committee to please register in advance of the meeting via email to ruth.appleby@sefton.gov.uk by no later than **12:00 (noon) on the day before the day of the meeting.**

Please include in your email –

- Your name;
- Your Contact telephone number.

In light of current social distancing requirements, access to the meeting room is limited.

We have been advised by Public Health that Members, officers and the public should carry out a lateral flow test before attending the meeting, and only attend if that test is negative. Provided you are not classed as exempt, it is requested that you wear a mask that covers both your nose and mouth.

A G E N D A

1. Appointment of Chair

2. Declarations of Interest

Members are requested at a meeting where a disclosable pecuniary interest or personal interest arises, which is not already included in their Register of Members' Interests, to declare any interests that relate to an item on the agenda.

Where a Member discloses a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest, he/she must withdraw from the meeting room, including from the public gallery, during the whole consideration of any item of business in which he/she has an interest, except where he/she is permitted to remain as a result of a grant of a dispensation.

Where a Member discloses a personal interest he/she must seek advice from the Monitoring Officer or staff member representing the Monitoring Officer to determine whether the Member should withdraw from the meeting room, including from the public gallery, during the whole consideration of any item of business in which he/she has an interest or whether the Member can remain in the meeting or remain in the meeting and vote on the relevant decision.

3. Licensing Act, 2003 - Application for the Grant of a Premises Licence - 213 Lord Street, Southport PR8 1PF

(Pages 5 - 24)

Report of the Head of Highways and Public Protection

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Report to:	Licensing Sub-Committee	Date of Meeting:	24 August 2021
Subject:	Licensing Act, 2003 – Premises Licence - Grant 213 Lord Street, Southport PR8 1PF		
Report of:	Head of Highways and Public Protection	Wards Affected:	Dukes
Portfolio:			
Is this a Key Decision:	N	Included in Forward Plan:	N
Exempt / Confidential Report:	The Report is not exempt, however parts of the Annex have been redacted by virtue of Paragraph 1 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972. The Public Interest Test has been applied and favours the information being treated as exempt.		

Summary:

To give consideration to an application for the grant of a Premises Licence.

Recommendation(s):

The Sub-Committee's instructions are requested.

Reasons for the Recommendation(s):

Under the Scheme of Delegation Officers cannot determine applications which have received relevant representations.

Alternative Options Considered and Rejected: (including any Risk Implications)

N/A

What will it cost and how will it be financed?

(A) Revenue Costs

There are no financial costs associated with the proposals in this report

(B) Capital Costs

There are no financial costs associated with the proposals in this report

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Implications of the Proposals:

Resource Implications (Financial, IT, Staffing and Assets):

There are no financial implications arising directly from this Report except in the event of any Appeal made against the Sub-Committee's eventual decision, the costs of which would depend upon the length of the Appeal process.

Legal Implications:

The Chief Legal and Democratic Officer will provide legal advice to the Licensing Sub Committee on the issues set out in this report.

Equality Implications:

There are no equality implications.

Contribution to the Council's Core Purpose:

The Sub-Committee is acting in an administrative capacity under the Licensing Act 2003.

What consultations have taken place on the proposals and when?

(A) Internal Consultations

Consultation has taken place as per the provisions of the Licensing Act 2003.

(B) External Consultations

Consultation has taken place as per the provisions of the Licensing Act 2003.

Implementation Date for the Decision

Immediately following the Committee meeting.

Contact Officer:	Kevin Hogan
Telephone Number:	0151 934 2887
Email Address:	Kevin.hogan@sefton.gov.uk

Appendices:

Annex – Objections received.

Background Papers:

There are no background papers available for inspection.

1. Application details

Application: Grant of a Premises Licence

Premises: 213 Lord Street,
Southport PR8 1PF

Applicants: Pub Invest Group

Representative: Not yet known

Designated Premises Supervisor: Mr Michael Edwards

Licensable activities applied for:

- The sale of alcohol by retail (on and off the premises);
- The provision of regulated entertainment - live music;
- The provision of regulated entertainment - recorded music; and,
- The provision of regulated entertainment - performance of dance:

Days of Operation	Hours of Operation
Sunday to Thursday	10.00 to 00.30
Friday & Saturday	10.00 to 01.00

- The provision of late night refreshment:

Days of Operation	Hours of Operation
Sunday to Thursday	23.00 to 00.30
Friday & Saturday	23.00 to 01.00

Hours premises to be open to public:

Days of Operation	Hours of Operation
Sunday to Thursday	10.00 to 00.30
Friday & Saturday	10.00 to 01.00

The applicants also wish the following non standard timings to be applicable for all licensable activities and the hours that the premises are open to the public:

- New Years Eve – from the end of permitted hours until the beginning of permitted hours the next day.

2. Details of proposed Operating Schedule

2.1 GENERAL

The applicant indicates that there will be strong management controls in place and effective training of all staff so that they are aware of the premises licence and the requirements to meet the four licensing objectives with particular attention to:

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- a. no selling of alcohol to underage people
- b. no drunk and disorderly behavior on the premises area
- c. vigilance in preventing the use and sale of illegal drugs at the retail area
- d. no violent and anti-social behaviour
- e. no any harm to children

2.2 THE PREVENTION OF CRIME & DISORDER

- i) CCTV System installed to monitor entrances, exits, and other parts of the premises in order to address the prevention of crime objective.
- ii) A clear and legible notice outside the premises indicating the normal hours under the terms of the premises licence during which licensable activities are permitted.
- iii) Not selling of alcohol to drunk or intoxicated customers.
- iv) Custom will not be sought by means of personal solicitation outside or in the vicinity of the premises.
- v) Prevention and vigilance in illegal drug use at the retail unit area.
- vi) Staff will be well trained in asking customers to use premises in an orderly and respectful manner.

2.3 PUBLIC SAFETY

- i) Internal and external lighting fixed to promote the public safety objective.
- ii) Well trained staff adherence to environmental health requirements.
- iii) Training and implementation of underage ID checks.
- iv) A log book or recording system shall be kept upon the premises in which shall be entered particulars of inspections made; those required to be made by statute, and information compiled to comply with any public safety condition attached to the premises licence that requires the recording of such information. The log book shall be kept available for inspection when required by persons authorised by the Licensing Act 2003 or associated legislation.
- v) All parts of the premises and all fittings and apparatus therein, door fastenings and notices, lighting, heating, electrical, air condition, sanitary accommodation and other installations, will be maintained at all times in good order and in a safe condition.

2.4 THE PREVENTION OF PUBLIC NUISANCE

- i) Noise reduction measures to address the public nuisance objective.
- ii) Prominent, clear and legible notices will be displayed at the exit requesting the public to respect the needs of nearby residents and to leave the premises and the area quietly.
- iii) Deliveries of goods necessary for the operation of the business will be carried out at such a time or in such a manner as to prevent nuisance and disturbance to nearby residents.
- iv) The Licensee will ensure that staff who arrive early morning or depart late at night (ex. For unpacking, pricing newly delivered goods) when the business has ceased trading conduct themselves in such a manner to avoid causing disturbance to nearby residents.
- v) Customers will be asked not to stand around loudly talking in the street outside the premises.
- vi) Customers will not be admitted to premises above opening hours.

- vii) The movement of bins and rubbish outside the premises will be kept to a minimum after 11.00pm. This will help to reduce the levels of noise produced by the premises.
- viii) Any lighting on or outside the premises will be positioned and screened in such a way so as to not cause a disturbance to nearby residents.

2.5 PROTECTION OF CHILDREN FROM HARM

- i) "Challenge 25" sign which is a retailing strategy that encourages anyone who is over 18 but looks under 25 to carry acceptable ID (a card bearing the PASS hologram, a photographic driving license or a passport) if they wish to buy alcohol. Well trained staff about requirement for persons' identification, age establishment etc.
- ii) Our policy is to only allow children on the premises when accompanied by an adult, and only if consuming food.

2.6 ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS AGREED FOLLOWING REPRESENTATIONS

The applicants have also agreed to the below Conditions being inserted on the Licence. This being in response to representations received from Merseyside Police and subsequent negotiations; as a result of this agreement representations have been formally withdrawn.

MERSEYSIDE POLICE CONDITIONS

- i) Cameras shall encompass all entrances and exits to the premises, all areas where the sale, supply of alcohol occurs and all other areas where licensable activity takes place.
- ii) Equipment shall be maintained in good working order and checked on a regular basis to ensure it displays the correct time and date. The system shall record in real time and operate whilst the premises are open to the public.
- iii) The recordings shall be retained for a period of 31 days and made available to an authorised Police Officer on reasonable request for evidential purposes, in accordance with Data Protection Legislation.
- iv) The Recording equipment shall be kept in a secure environment under the control of the Premises Licence Holder or other responsible named individual. There shall be sufficient members of trained staff available to be able to download or view CCTV evidence with the minimum of delay at the reasonable request of an authorised Police Officer.

3. **Objections/Representations received**

- 3.1 Representations have been received from several local residents who make representation under the prevention of public nuisance objective.

A copy of these representations are attached in the Annex to this Report.

4. **Additional licensing information**

- 4.1 Paragraph 1.17 of the Guidance issued under S.182 of the Act ("the Guidance") states that each application "*must be considered on its own merits and in accordance with the licensing authority's statement of licensing policy; for*

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example, if the application falls within the scope of a cumulative impact policy. Conditions attached to licences and certificates must be tailored to the individual type, location and characteristics of the premises and events concerned. This is essential to avoid the imposition of disproportionate and overly burdensome conditions on premises where there is no need for such conditions. Standardised conditions should be avoided and indeed may be unlawful where they cannot be shown to be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in an individual case.”

4.2 With regard to conditions, Paragraph 1.16 says that these are “*are important in setting the parameters within which premises can lawfully operate. The use of wording such as “must”, “shall” and “will” is encouraged. Licence conditions:*

- *must be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives;*
- *must be precise and enforceable;*
- *must be unambiguous and clear in what they intend to achieve;*
- *should not duplicate other statutory requirements or other duties or responsibilities placed on the employer by other legislation;*
- *must be tailored to the individual type, location and characteristics of the premises and events concerned;*
- *should not be standardised and may be unlawful when it cannot be demonstrated that they are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in an individual case;*
- *should not replicate offences set out in the 2003 Act or other legislation;*
- *should be proportionate, justifiable and be capable of being met, (for example, whilst beer glasses may be available in toughened glass, wine glasses may not);*
- *cannot seek to manage the behaviour of customers once they are beyond the direct management of the licence holder and their staff, but may impact on the behaviour of customers in the immediate vicinity of the premises or as they enter or leave; and*
- *should be written in a prescriptive format.”*

4.3 However paragraph 10.10, with respect to proportionality, underlines that the Act “*requires that licensing conditions should be tailored to the size, type, location and characteristics and activities taking place at the premises concerned. Conditions should be determined on a case-by-case basis and standardised conditions which ignore these individual aspects should be avoided. For example, conditions should not be used to implement a general policy in a given area such as the use of CCTV, polycarbonate drinking vessels or identity scanners where they would not be appropriate to the specific premises. Conditions that are considered appropriate for the prevention of illegal working in premises licensed to sell alcohol or late night refreshment might include requiring a premises licence holder to undertake right to work checks on all staff employed at the licensed premises or requiring that a copy of any document checked as part of a right to work check is retained at the licensed premises. Licensing authorities and other responsible authorities should be alive to the indirect costs that can arise because of conditions. These could be a deterrent to holding events that are valuable to the community or for the funding of good and important causes. Licensing authorities should therefore ensure that any conditions they impose are only those which are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.”*

- 4.4 In respect of Hearings, Paragraph 9.37 states that as *“As a matter of practice, licensing authorities should seek to focus the hearing on the steps considered appropriate to promote the particular licensing objective or objectives that have given rise to the specific representation and avoid straying into undisputed areas. A responsible authority or other person may choose to rely on their written representation. They may not add further representations to those disclosed to the applicant prior to the hearing, but they may expand on their existing representation and should be allowed sufficient time to do so, within reasonable and practicable limits.”* Paragraph 9.38 continues: *“in determining the application with a view to promoting the licensing objectives in the overall interests of the local community, the licensing authority must give appropriate weight to:*
- *the steps that are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives;*
 - *the representations (including supporting information) presented by all the parties;*
 - *this Guidance;*
 - *its own statement of licensing policy.”*
- 4.5 Paragraph 9.39 states that the *“licensing authority should give its decision within five working days of the conclusion of the hearing (or immediately in certain specified cases) and provide reasons to support it. This will be important if there is an appeal by any of the parties. Notification of a decision must be accompanied by information on the right of the party to appeal. After considering all the relevant issues, the licensing authority may grant the application subject to such conditions that are consistent with the operating schedule. Any conditions imposed must be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives; there is no power for the licensing authority to attach a condition that is merely aspirational. For example, conditions may not be attached which relate solely to the health of customers rather than their direct physical safety. Any conditions added to the licence must be those imposed at the hearing or those agreed when a hearing has not been necessary.”* Paragraph 9.40 states that alternatively *“the licensing authority may refuse the application on the grounds that this is appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives. It may also refuse to specify a designated premises supervisor and/or only allow certain requested licensable activities. In the interests of transparency, the licensing authority should publish hearings procedures in full on its website to ensure that those involved have the most current information”.*
- 4.6 In addition to the above, Paragraph 9.42 states that *“Licensing authorities are best placed to determine what actions are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in their areas. All licensing determinations should be considered on a case-by-case basis. They should take into account any representations or objections that have been received from responsible authorities or other persons, and representations made by the applicant or premises user as the case may be”* and further within Paragraph 9.43 that the *“authority’s determination should be evidence-based, justified as being appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives and proportionate to what it is intended to achieve.”*
- 4.7 Paragraph 9.44 indicates that determination *“of whether an action or step is appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives requires an assessment*

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of what action or step would be suitable to achieve that end. While this does not therefore require a licensing authority to decide that no lesser step will achieve the aim, the authority should aim to consider the potential burden that the condition would impose on the premises licence holder (such as the financial burden due to restrictions on licensable activities) as well as the potential benefit in terms of the promotion of the licensing objectives. However, it is imperative that the authority ensures that the factors which form the basis of its determination are limited to consideration of the promotion of the objectives and nothing outside those parameters. As with the consideration of licence variations, the licensing authority should consider wider issues such as other conditions already in place to mitigate potential negative impact on the promotion of the licensing objectives and the track record of the business....The licensing authority is expected to come to its determination based on an assessment of the evidence on both the risks and benefits either for or against making the determination. ”

4.8 SEFTON'S STATEMENT OF LICENSING POLICY

PUBLIC NUISANCE

In relation to the prevention of public nuisance objective, paragraph 3.9 advises applicants to consider the following matters when making an application:

- The type of activity, its frequency and the number and nature of customers likely to attend;
- Measures taken, or proposed, to prevent noise and/or vibration escaping from the premises given its location and proximity to residential and other noise sensitive premises. This would include music, plant noise and human voice, whether amplified or not;
- Measures taken to prevent the transmission of sound and/or vibration to adjoining properties;
- Measures taken, or proposed, for management and supervision of the premises and open areas to minimise unreasonable disturbance by customers and staff arriving or leaving the premises, including the delivery of goods and services;
- The proposed hours of operation for all, or parts, of the premises;
- Measures taken to prevent cooking odours and other smells escaping from the premises;
- Means of access to and egress from the premises, including customer entrances and exits on principal pedestrian routes;
- Whether routes to and from the premises pass residential premises;
- Whether the premises would result in increased refuse storage, disposal problems or additional litter in the vicinity of the premises, including measures taken to ensure the collection and disposal of litter and waste outside the premises;
- Measures to be taken to reduce drunkenness on the premises, e.g. the “Drink Less Enjoy More” scheme;
- If appropriate, a ‘wind down’ period between the end of the licensable activities and closure of the premises;

Should the applicant, or a responsible authority, identify possible sound leakage from the premises paragraph 3.10 indicates that the Authority would expect this to be addressed in practical ways, such as:

- Keeping doors and windows closed and providing adequate mechanical ventilation, or if necessary, air conditioning;
- Reducing sound levels and installing a sound limiting device to prevent sound exceeding the appropriate level;
- Installing soundproofing measures to contain sound and vibration

In premises where customers leave late at night, or early in the morning paragraph 3.11 states that the Authority would expect the applicant to have included, in the Operating Schedule, such practical steps as:

- Erecting prominent notices at the exits to the premises asking customers to leave quietly and not to slam car doors;
- At appropriate time making loud speaker announcements to the same effect;
- Instructing door staff to ask customers leaving the premises to do so quietly;
- Reducing the volume of music towards the end of the evening and where appropriate playing quieter, more soothing music as the evening winds down;
- Improving availability of licensed taxis or private hire vehicles to take customers from the premises;
- Refusing entry to people known to regularly leave in a noisy manner;
- The supervision of any queues so as to keep noise and disturbance to a minimum

4.9 GUIDANCE ISSUED UNDER SECTION 182 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003

PUBLIC NUISANCE

Paragraph 2.15 states that the Act “*enables licensing authorities and responsible authorities, through representations, to consider what constitutes public nuisance and what is appropriate to prevent it in terms of conditions attached to specific premises licences and club premises certificates. It is therefore important that in considering the promotion of this licensing objective, licensing authorities and responsible authorities focus on the effect of the licensable activities at the specific premises on persons living and working (including those carrying on business) in the area around the premises which may be disproportionate and unreasonable. The issues will mainly concern noise nuisance, light pollution, noxious smells and litter.*”

Public nuisance is given a statutory meaning in many pieces of legislation. Paragraph 2.16 states that it is “*however not narrowly defined in the 2003 Act and retains its broad common law meaning. It may include in appropriate circumstances the reduction of the living and working amenity and environment of other persons living and working in the area of the licensed premises. Public nuisance may also arise as a result of the adverse effects of artificial light, dust, odour and insects or where its effect is prejudicial to health.*”

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Paragraph 2.17 states that Conditions *“relating to noise nuisance will usually concern steps appropriate to control the levels of noise emanating from premises. This might be achieved by a simple measure such as ensuring that doors and windows are kept closed after a particular time, or persons are not permitted in garden areas of the premises after a certain time. More sophisticated measures like the installation of acoustic curtains or rubber speaker mounts to mitigate sound escape from the premises may be appropriate. However, conditions in relation to live or recorded music may not be enforceable in circumstances where the entertainment activity itself is not licensable...Any conditions appropriate to promote the prevention of public nuisance should be tailored to the type, nature and characteristics of the specific premises and its licensable activities. Licensing authorities should avoid inappropriate or disproportionate measures that could deter events that are valuable to the community, such as live music. Noise limiters, for example, are expensive to purchase and install and are likely to be a considerable burden for smaller venues.”*

Paragraph 2.18 continues that as with all conditions *“those relating to noise nuisance may not be appropriate in certain circumstances where provisions in other legislation adequately protect those living in the area of the premises. But as stated earlier in this Guidance, the approach of licensing authorities and responsible authorities should be one of prevention and when their powers are engaged, licensing authorities should be aware of the fact that other legislation may not adequately cover concerns raised in relevant representations and additional conditions may be appropriate.”*

Where applications have given rise to representations, any necessary and appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods, Paragraph 2.19 stating for example *“the most sensitive period for people being disturbed by unreasonably loud music is at night and into the early morning when residents in adjacent properties may be attempting to go to sleep or are sleeping. This is why there is still a need for a licence for performances of live music between 11 pm and 8 am. In certain circumstances, conditions relating to noise emanating from the premises may also be appropriate to address any disturbance anticipated as customers enter and leave.”*

Paragraph 2.20 states that measures to control light pollution should also require careful thought: *“Bright lighting outside premises which is considered appropriate to prevent crime and disorder may itself give rise to light pollution for some neighbours. Applicants, licensing authorities and responsible authorities will need to balance these issues.”*

Finally Paragraph 2.21 underlines that beyond *“the immediate area surrounding the premises, these are matters for the personal responsibility of individuals under the law. An individual who engages in anti-social behaviour is accountable in their own right. However, it would be perfectly reasonable for a licensing authority to impose a condition, following relevant representations, that requires the licence holder or club to place signs at the exits from the building encouraging patrons to be quiet until they leave the area, or that, if they wish to smoke, to do so at designated places on the premises instead of outside, and to respect the rights of people living nearby to a peaceful night.”*

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Cotton MBC - Licensing Unit

19 JUL 2021

To whom it may concern

I wish to object strongly to the Proposed licence at 211 Lord Street, I live at [REDACTED] Lord Street there are 11 flats in this building we suffer enough with clubs out the back, without having it outside of our front door directly below us, we also have a taxi rank which we get all the shouting from people waiting for taxi all weekend. I think it is disgraceful you are even considering this licence to go through, we will have loud music late night revellers outside our [REDACTED] as well as the back, we also have intercoms at [REDACTED] which we will have to be turned off as people use it at all hours of the night, so I do not want this [REDACTED] and I will take it further if this licence is granted please reconsider this application before you grant it

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because the [redacted] this building will
not tolerate it and will take further
action on this matter

yours sincerely

[redacted]

[redacted]

PHONE [REDACTED]

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

I WISH TO MAKE MY FEELING QUITE CLEAR AND STRONGLY OBJECT TO THE LICENCE BEING CONSIDERED FOR THE ADDRESS 211 KORD STREET AS A BAR. WE ALREADY HAVE PROBLEMS WITH THE CLUBS BEHIND OUR BUILDING WHEN THEY REOPEN AGAIN. WE ALSO HAVE A TAXI BANK RIGHT OUTSIDE OUR FRONT DOOR WHICH GIVES US NO END OF PROBLEMS AND NOW YOU ARE CONSIDERING THIS LICENCE I THINK ITS DISGRACEFUL AND APPALING, YOU ARE EVEN CONSIDERING TO GRANT THIS LICENCE. I THINK YOU HAVE MADE AN ERROR WITH THE ADDRESS THE SHOP IN QUESTION IS 211 KORD STREET NOT 213 KORD STREET [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] AS OUR FRONT DOOR IS [REDACTED] SHOP IN QUESTION WE THINK IT WOULD NOT BE RIGHT TO HAVE TO SUFFER MORE FOUR LANGUAGE AND DRUNKEN BEHAVIOUR WHICH WE WILL GET AS WE ALREADY GET THAT AT THE BACK OF THE BUILDING. THERE ARE 4 WOMAN WHO LIVE ALONE IN THIS BUILDING. SO I HOPE YOU WILL MAKE THE RIGHT DECISION AND NOT ALLOW THIS LICENCE TO GO THROUGH. I AM A [REDACTED] WITH HEALTH PROBLEMS. AND WILL SEEK FURTHER ADVICE IF THIS IS GRANTED

Mandy [REDACTED]

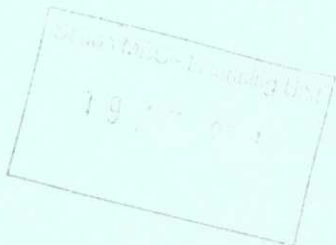
Saxon MBC - Licensing Unit
19 JUL 2021

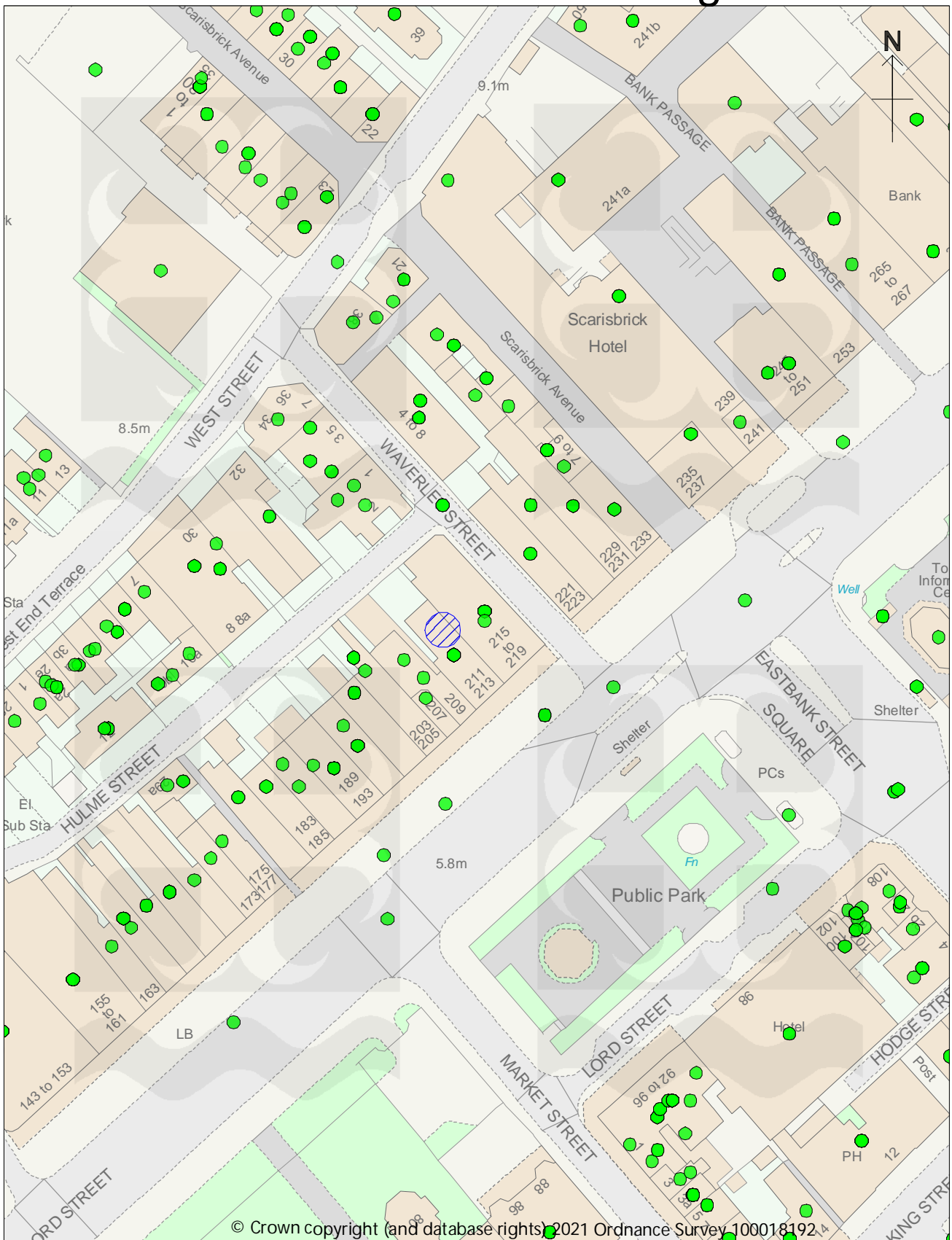
Agent [REDACTED]



To:
whom it may concern, I strongly object to a licence being granted, as I am sure there will be alot of noise & disruption. where I live there are night clubs at the back of us, and it can be very noisy at times. please consider this application very carefully, as it could & would be very disruptive.

Thank you
[REDACTED]





Reference: Grant Application
Date: 19/07/2021
Scale: 1:1000
Created by: KC

213 Lord Street

Southport

PR8 1PF

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